

**Amendments to the Claims:**

1. (currently amended) An apparatus for reducing the current drawn during starting of a single-phase AC asynchronous motor, having an auxiliary winding and having a main winding, which apparatus has an NTC thermistor which can be connected in series with the main winding, characterized in that the NTC thermistor can effectively be connected in series with the main winding at the start of the switching-on process in order to limit the starting current through the main winding, and with the NTC thermistor not limiting the starting current through the auxiliary winding.
2. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a starting circuit with a starting capacitor for producing a phase shift in the auxiliary winding arranged such that it can be connected in series with the auxiliary winding, and a PTC thermistor for limiting capacitive current surges through the starting capacitor in series with the starting capacitor.
3. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a starting circuit with a starting capacitor for producing a phase shift in the auxiliary winding arranged such that it can be connected in series with the auxiliary winding, and ~~an~~ a further NTC thermistor for limiting capacitive current surges through the starting capacitor in series with the starting capacitor.
4. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a circuit breaker switch in order to bridge the NTC thermistor after completion of the starting process.
5. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a circuit breaker switch in order to switch off the starting circuit.

6. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a control arrangement for switching ~~switches~~ the circuit breaker switch and the starting circuit switch on and off as a function of time.
7. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in claim 6, wherein the control arrangement is designed such that  $\pi$  the circuit breaker switch in order to switch off the starting circuit can be operated before  $\pi$  the circuit breaker switch in order to bridge the NTC thermistor.
8. (previously presented) The apparatus as claimed in claim 2, further comprising an operating capacitor for producing a phase shift in the auxiliary winding with respect to the main winding in the operating state, wherein the capacitance of the starting capacitor is greater than the capacitance of the operating capacitor.
9. (previously presented) The apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein the capacitance value of the starting capacitor is at least twice as great as the capacitance value of the operating capacitor.
10. (previously presented) The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the NTC thermistor has a cold resistance of 10 to 30  $\Omega$ .
11. (currently amended) A method for reducing the starting current on switching on a single-phase AC asynchronous motor, said method comprising steps of, reducing, on switching on, the current through the main winding of the motor by means of an NTC thermistor, and bridging the NTC thermistor by means of a circuit breaker switch after starting of the motor.

12. (currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 11, comprising a further step of producing a starting phase shift in ~~the~~ an auxiliary winding of the motor during the starting process with a starting capacitor, and reducing the current through the starting capacitor at the moment of being switched on with a resistor.

13. (currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the resistor and the starting capacitor are disconnected from the circuit by means of a circuit breaker switch on reaching rated operation, before the NTC thermistor is bridged by means of ~~a~~ the circuit breaker switch.

14. (previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the current through the main winding is increased continuously during the starting process, while the current through the starting capacitor and the degree of phase shift produced by the starting capacitor are increasingly reduced.

15. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 9, wherein the capacitance value of the starting capacitor is three to five times as great as the capacitance value of the operating capacitor.

16. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the bridging step is done on or after reaching rated operation.

17. (new) An apparatus as claimed in claim 4, further comprising a starting circuit switch in order to switch off the starting circuit.